

TROPICAL BAMBOOS FROM ASIA - Mostly big and beautiful. Clumping: spread slowly.

Min. temp. Sun Ht. Diam.

Bambusa:				<i>Genus of tropical and subtropical clumping bamboos, usually giant, with numerous branches at a node, one or two much larger than the rest. New shoots appear in late summer or fall in their native areas.</i>	
1	15° F	5	50'	5"	Bambusa beecheyana Beechey Bamboo China Big, thick-walled, good shoots, white powder.
2	32° F	5	60'	4"	Bambusa burmanica Burma Strong, nearly solid culms and leaves to 2x12"
3	21° F	5	30'	2"	Bambusa chungii Thin walled culms covered with white powder look "blue."
4	21° F	5	22'	1.5"	Bambusa chungii var. <i>barbelatta</i> About 3/4 size, lighter ring of hair around new culm nodes, looser culm sheaths.
5	18° F	5	50'	3"	Bambusa dissimulator China Thickwalled, tough culms with long branches.
6	20° F	5	65'	4"	Bambusa dolichoclada 'Stripe' Taiwan Waxy yellow culms with dark green stripes.
7	15° F	5	32'	2"	Bambusa dolichomerithalla 'Green stripe' Taiwan Yellow-green culms striped with dark green.
8	15° F	5	32'	2"	Bambusa dolichomerithalla 'Silverstripe' Taiwan Culms striped, light green and dark green.
9	20° F	5	65'	3"	Bambusa edulis Taiwan Dark green leaves, grown for shoots.
10	24° F		35'	2.5"	Bambusa emeinsis 'Flavidovirens' Green stripes on pale green or yellow-gold culms.
11	24° F		35'	2.5"	Bambusa emeinsis 'Viridiflavus' Culms erect with yellow stripes alternating 180° on each internode.
12	21° F	5	25'	1"	Bambusa eutuldoides 'Viridivittata' Yellow culms with varying dark green stripes. New shoots have pink and peach tones.
13	28° F		50'	3.5"	Bambusa lako Timor Black Timor Faint green stripes on purple-black culms, like <i>G. atroviolacea</i> .
14	28° F		30'	2"	Bambusa luteostriata Indonesia Leaves and culms green with stripes
15	28° F	5			Bambusa maculata Pring Tutul Bali Spotted canes when mature.
16	20° F	4	35'	2.5"	Bambusa malingensis China Tolerates sea breezes well. Tight clumps.
17	25° F	5	70'	4"	Bambusa membranacea Malaya Very straight, loose clumps, pruinose.
18	12° F	5	35'	1.5"	Bambusa multiplex 'Alphonse Karr' Asia Culms yellow with green stripes.
19	12° F	5	20'	0.5"	Bambusa multiplex 'Fernleaf' Asia Usually small, has close-spaced leaves like a fern.
20	12° F	5	10'	0.5"	Bambusa multiplex 'Golden Goddess' Asia Green leaves; culms green to yellow.
21	12° F	5	35'	1.3"	Bambusa multiplex 'Green Alphonse Karr' Asia Culms, branches light green with dark stripes.
22	12° F	5	25'	1.3"	Bambusa multiplex 'Silverstripe' Asia Many leaves white striped; some culms striped.
23	12° F	5	20'	0.7"	Bambusa multiplex 'Willow' Asia Culms droop, arch; small narrow leaves.
24	12° F	5	6'	0.3"	Bambusa multiplex 'Rivierorum' Asia Solid culms and tiny leaves.
25	25° F	5	40'	3"	Bambusa nutans Thailand Nutans means "nodding". Culms white ring below nodes.
26	15° F	4	55'	4"	Bambusa oldhami Giant Timber China Culms straight, tightly clumping, wide leaves.
27	25° F	5	33'	2"	Bambusa pachinensis Resembles <i>B. textilis</i> , medium size with yellowish culms.
28	32° F	5	33'	2.4"	Bambusa pervariabilis China Erect, thick walled. Lower nodes have branches and yellow stripes on culm & sheaths.
29	25° F	5	33'	2.4"	Bambusa pervariabilis 'Viridistriatus' China More highly colored than above. Yellow-gold culms with varying dark green stripes.
30	20° F	5	70'	5"	Bambusa sinospinosa China Thorny; small leaves, many branches.
31	13° F	5	40'	2"	Bambusa textilis China Tight clumps. Thin-walled culms used for weaving.
32	18° F	5	30'	1"	Bambusa textilis var. <i>glabra</i> Slender, as var. <i>gracilis</i> , but with glabrous culms and culm sheaths.
33	18° F	5	30'	1.3"	Bambusa textilis var. <i>gracilis</i> Culms more slender than typical <i>B. textilis</i> , nodding top, graceful foliage.
34	27° F	5	70'	4"	Bambusa tulda China Large, straight, thick-walled, solid near base.
35	27° F	5	70'	4"	Bambusa tulda striata China Large, straight, thick-walled, solid near base, striped.
36	15° F	4	55'	2.2"	Bambusa tuldo. ventricosa Buddha's Belly China Can develop "pot belly" internodes.
37	15° F	4	55'	2.2"	Bambusa tuldo. ventricosa 'Kimmei' China Same, but yellow culms striped with green.
38	15° F	5	55'	2.3"	Bambusa tuldooides Punting Pole China Thick-walled, tight clumper.
39	27° F	5	50'	4"	Bambusa vulgaris China Green, open clumper, easy to propagate.
40	27° F	5	50'	4"	Bambusa vulgaris 'Vittata' Painted Bamboo China Golden culms with green stripes of varying width.
41	30° F	5	16'	3"	Bambusa vulgaris 'Wamin Striata' Dwarf, short and swollen lower internodes, dark green stripes on light green culms.
42	27° F	5	16'	3"	Bambusa vulgaris 'Wamin' China A dwarf form with short and swollen lower internodes
Cephalostachyum:				<i>Tall, shrubby or climbing bamboos with generally slender, stiff and thin-walled culms. From India; China; Madagascar; Malasia & Indonesia.</i>	
43		5	50'	4"	Cephalostachyum virgatum Burma Thin walled, drooping. Manifold branching.
Dendrocalamus:				<i>Giant tropical clumping bamboos similar to Bambusa.</i>	
44	23° F	5	100'	8"	Dendrocalamus asper Thai, India Rapid grower, excellent shoots.
45	23° F	5	100'	8"	Dendrocalamus asper 'Hitam' India Black, with stripes. Rare in US.
46	28° F	5	100'	8"	Dendrocalamus brandisii India Very thick walls, edible shoots.
47	25° F	5	100'	12"	Dendrocalamus giganteus Burma May be the largest bamboo. Leaves to 20" long.
48	27° F	5	80'	7"	Dendrocalamus hamiltonii Himalaya Thick walled. Used for shoots. White when young, turns green
49		5	55'	5"	Dendrocalamus jianshuensis China White powder / white 'fur' on lower internodes.
50	25° F	5	65'	8"	Dendrocalamus latiflorus So China Large dark green leaves.
51	25° F	5	65'	8"	Dendrocalamus latiflorus cv <i>mei-nung</i> So China Light green culms striped with dark green.
52		5	25'	2"	Dendrocalamus minor China Culm top bending and drooping.
53	30° F	5	60'	5"	Dendrocalamus strictus India Common in India. Culms solid near base.
Gigantochloa:				<i>Giant, tropical, clumping bamboos similar to Bambusa. G. atroviolacea; G. atter; G. robusta; and G. pseudoarundinacea were formerly all considered to be forms of G. verticillata. Rarely flower or come true from seed; may be "natural hybrids."</i>	
54	27° F	5	65'	4"	Gigantochloa apus Java Large leaves, culms hairy when young.
55	25° F	5	70'	4"	Gigantochloa atroviolacea Indonesia Brown to black culms, with faint green stripes.
56	28° F	5	45'	4"	Gigantochloa maxima Indonesia Culms have cream-colored stripes.
57	28° F	5	100'	5"	Gigantochloa pseudoarundinacea Indonesia Culms light green with thin yellow stripes.
Thyrostachys:				<i>A genus of moderate size, tropical clumping bamboos with rather small leaves and persistent culm sheaths.</i>	
58	25° F	5	40'	3"	Thyrostachys siamensis Monastery Bamboo Burma A graceful bamboo, regular nodes.

MOUNTAIN BAMBOOS - Hardy Clumping Bamboos from Asian mountains.

Min. temp. Sun Ht. Diam.

Borinda:					A genus of clump-forming mountain bamboos, found in Bhutan, Tibet, Yunnan, & Sichuan. Similar in appearance to Fargesia, but have different flowers from Fargesia and short rhizomes unlike Yushania.				
59	15° F	3	18'	0.8"	Borinda angustissima	Sichuan	Arching culms with white powder, narrow leaves		
60	10° F	3	24'	2"	Borinda boliana	China	Pale blue culms.		
Drepanostachyum:					Medium size clumping, mountain bamboos. The differences between genera Drepanostachyum and Himalayacalamus are subtle; Drepanostachyum species have many equal branches; Himalayacalamus species have one dominant branch.				
61	15° F	2	20'	0.8"	Drepanostachyum falcatum	Himalayan Blue	Himalayas	Dark blue-green leaves. Culms are NOT blue.	
62	20° F	3	12'	0.5"	Drepanostachyum kashianum		China	Culms are dark green covered with white powder.	
63	15° F	3	30'	1.2"	Drepanostachyum sengteeaanum (was H. falconeri)		China	Green culms, small papery thin leaves., tight clump.	
Fargesia:					Clumping bamboos from the alpine conifer forests of west and southwest China. Medium to small and all very cold hardy, but not tolerant of extremely high summer temperatures. Flowers like toothbrushes.				
64	-10° F	3	16'	0.7"	Fargesia dracocephala		China	Hardy, ornamental, comes from high altitudes.	
65	15° F	3	20'	1"	Fargesia fungosa		China	Graceful; grows at high elevation. Open clump.	
66	-20° F	2	15'	0.4"	Fargesia murielliae		China	Green culms. Very hardy.	
67	-20° F	2	12'	0.5"	Fargesia nitida	Fountain bamboo	China	Purplish culms. Delicate looking, tight clump.	
Himalayacalamus:					A newly defined genus of clump-forming bamboos of the lower altitudes of the Himalayan mountains.				
68	15° F	2	20'	0.8"	Himalayacalamus hookerianus		Himalayas	Formerly sold as "Drepanostachyum falcatum"	
69	25° F	3	20'	0.3"	Himalayacalamus asper (was N. microphyllis)		Nepal	Rough culm sheathss, flat nodes.	
70	15° F	3	30'	2"	Himalayacalamus falconeri 'Damarapa'		Himalayas	Culms green striped with yellow or pink.	
71	25° F	3	20'	1"	Himalayacalamus porcatus		Himalayas		
Thamnocalamus:					Clumping bamboos from the mountains of eastern Asia and Africa, similar to Fargesia.				
72	5° F		12'	0.4"	Thamnocalamus aristatus		Himalayas	Native to the high Himalayas, over 10,000 ft.	
73	0° F	3	16'	1"	Thamnocalamus spathifoliorus		Himalayas	Smooth culms become red, larger leaves.	
74	0° F	4	16'	1"	Thamnocalamus tessellatus		So.Africa	Open clumps.	
Yushania:					A large group of spreading thornless frost-hardy bamboos from Taiwan, the Himalayas and Africa. Rhizomes pachymorph, often with long rootless necks, but also tillering, so forming spreading thickets.				
75	0° F	3	12'	0.5"	Yushania anceps		India	Beautiful mountain bamboo from the Himalayas.	
76	0° F	3	12'	0.5"	Yushania anceps 'Pitt white'		India	Narrow leaves, weeping.	
77	0° F	4	15'	2"	Yushania maling		India	From the northeast Himalayas.	

AMERICAN BAMBOOS - Clumping unless otherwise noted. Some hardy, some tropical.

Min. temp. Sun Ht. Diam.

Arundinaria:					Genus of small to medium size hardy running bamboos, with numerous branches at each node and persistent culm sheaths. New shoots in spring. Most species have been moved to other genera.				
78	-10° F	5	20'	1"	Arundinaria gigantea	Canebrake	USA	An American RUNNER. Grew in GA, OH, TX	
Chusquea:					A genus of American bamboos that contains 134 described species, and possibly another 70 yet to be described. They are mostly clumping mountain bamboos, but some are runners. The solid culms usually bear one dominant branch and numerous branchlets.				
79	25° F	4	22'	1"	Chusquea circinata		Mexico	Clumper. Dark arching culms, leaves in whorls.	
80	32° F	3	23'	0.8"	Chusquea coronalis		Mexico	Numerous tiny leaves encircle solid culms.	
81	0° F	5	15'	1"	Chusquea culeou		Chile	SEEDS only. Two varieties.	
82	24° F	3	50'	2"	Chusquea pittieri		Mexico	Culms arch and clamber over trees.	
Guadua:					A genus of giant, thorny, tropical clumping bamboos native to the New World. Clumps very open. Some older references include them in Bambusa.				
83	28° F	5	60'	4"	Guadua amplexifolia (seedling)		Mexico	Short internodes, zigzag, nearly solid at base.	
84	30° F	5	100'	8"	Guadua angustifolia "Less Thorny"		Colombia	Resists rot. Less thorny than the type.	
85	30° F	5	100'	8"	Guadua angustifolia 'Bicolor'		Colombia	The largest American bamboo. Yellow/green stripes.	
86		5	85'	7"	Guadua chacoensis		Argentina	Large, erect. Widely planted in Costa Rica.	
Oatea:					Genus of American clumping bamboos with two known species. From central Mexico to Central America.				
87	28° F	5	15'	1"	Oatea acuminata ssp. acuminata		Mexico	Smaller and more delicate looking than aztecorum.	
88	22° F	4	20'	1.5"	Oatea acuminata ssp. aztecorum	Mex. Weeping	Mexico	Long narrow leaves obscure the culms in open clump. Beautiful.	
89	22° F	4	4'?	0.5"	Oatea acuminata ssp. aztecorum 'Chica'		Mexico	A clone that is significantly smaller than the type.	

MEDIUM AND LARGE RUNNING BAMBOOS - Hardy, vigorous. Should be confined.

Min. temp. Sun Ht. Diam.

Bashania:					Genus of medium size Chinese running bamboos.				
90	0° F	4	20'	2"	Bashania fargesii		China	Leaves up to a foot long.	
Chimonobambusa:					Medium size running bamboos, often with raised, sometimes thorny nodes and quadrangular culms. New shoots in the fall or winter, hence "Winter bamboos."				
91	15° F	3	6'	0.5"	Chimonobambusa marmorea	Marble Bamboo	China	New shoots are marbled with cream and purple.	
92	15° F	3	6'	0.5"	Chimonobambusa marmorea 'Variegated'		China	Leaves have narrow white stripes.	
93	15° F	4	25'	1.5"	Chimonobambusa quadrangularis		China	Culms square on mature plants.	
94	15° F	4	25'	1.5"	Chimonobambusa quadrangularis 'Suow'		China	Yellow with green stripes.	

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Sun: scale 1 - 5 = full

Hibanobambusa:				<i>A genus of running bamboos from Japan thought to be a natural hybrid between Sasa veitchii and Phyllostachys nigra 'Henon.'</i>				
95	0° F	4	16'	1.2"	Hibanobambusa tranquillans 'Shiroshima'	Japan	Large leaves variegated in cream and green.	
Phyllostachys:				<i>Medium to giant runners which have a distinct groove above pairs of unequal branches at mid-culm nodes. They shoot in spring.</i>				
96	0° F	5	27'	1.2"	Phyllostachys aurea	Golden Bamboo	China	Common in the U.S. Short nodes near the bottom.
97	0° F	5	35'	3"	Phyllostachys aurea 'Takemurai'		cv	Lacks short internodes of typical form.
98	0° F	5	27'	1.8"	Phyllostachys aurea flavescens inversa		cv	Yellow stripe in groove.
99	0° F	5	27'	1.8"	Phyllostachys aurea holochrysa		cv	Turn yellow, then golden orange.
100	0° F	4	27'	1.8"	Phyllostachys aurea 'Koi'		cv	Culms turn yellow, but groove remains green.
101	-10° F	5	26'	1.5"	Phyllostachys aureosulcata	Yellow-groove	China	Green culms with a yellow groove.
102	-10° F	5	30'	2"	Phyllostachys aureosulcata alata		China	Yellow culms, green groove.
103	-10° F	5	26'	1.5"	Phyllostachys aureosulcata 'Harbin Inversa'		cv	Yellow culms with fine green striping.
104	-10° F	5	26'	1.5"	Phyllostachys aureosulcata spectabilis		China	Yellow culms, green groove.
105	5° F	5	72'	6"	Phyllostachys bambusoides		China	Large, straight, thick-walled.
106	5° F	5	35'	2"	Phyllostachys bambusoides 'Allgold'		cv	Culms golden yellow. Smaller than bambusoides.
107	5° F	5	35'	2"	Phyllostachys bambusoides 'Castillon Inversa'		cv	Green culms, yellow grooves.
108	5° F	5	35'	2"	Phyllostachys bambusoides 'Castillon'		cv	Yellow culms, green grooves.
109	-15° F	5	23'	1"	Phyllostachys bissetii		China	Culms are darker green than Golden Bamboo.
110	0° F	5	40'	2.8"	Phyllostachys dulcis		China	Arching. Shoots free of any acrid taste.
111	0° F	5	75'	7"	Phyllostachys edulis	Moso	China	The most used bamboo in the world.
112	0° F	5	20'	1"	Phyllostachys humilis		Japan	One of the smallest Phyllostachys. Culms darken.
113	-5° F	5	30'	1.8"	Phyllostachys mannii aka Phy. decora		China	Takes stress of heat, cold, drought in Nevada.
114	0° F	5	30'	2"	Phyllostachys meyeri		China	Similar in appearance to Golden Bamboo, no short internodes
115	0° F	3	30'	2"	Phyllostachys nigra	Black Bamboo	China	Jet black after 6-12 months. For Japanese gardens.
116	0° F	5	50'	3"	Phyllostachys nigra 'Bory'		China	Grows larger than the species. Never all black.
117	0° F	5	57'	3.3"	Phyllostachys nigra 'Daikokuchiku' 'Folsom Black'		cv	Clone from California, larger than species, turns black quicker
118	-5° F	4	20'	1.5"	Phyllostachys nigra 'Hale'		cv	Similar to the type, but smaller and hardier, turns black quickly
119	0° F	5	54'	4.5"	Phyllostachys nigra 'Megurochiku'		cv	Green, similar to "Henon," but the culm grooves are black.
120	0° F	5	20'	2"	Phyllostachys nigra 'Othello'		cv	Culms very black, tightly spreading, turn early from green to black.
121	0° F	5	65'	4.5"	Phyllostachys nigra 'Henon'		Japan	Totally green, much larger than Black Bamboo.
122	0° F	5	60'	4"	Phyllostachys nigra 'Punctata'		Japan	Large. Culms spotted, then turn black.
123	5° F	5	33'	2"	Phyllostachys praecox		China	Young culms dark green, purplish nodes.
124	-10° F	5	30'	2"	Phyllostachys propinqua		China	Hardier than most others of the genus.
125	-5° F	5	55'	3.75"	Phyllostachys rubromarginata		China	Tolerates cold dry winds.
126	-11° F	5	35'	2"	Phyllostachys viridiglaucescens		China	Very straight, good quality wood.
127	-5° F	5	45'	3"	Phyllostachys viridis 'Houzeau'		China	Culms green with a yellow groove.
128	-5° F	5	40'	3"	Phyllostachys viridis 'Robert Young'		China	Yellow culms with green vertical stripes.
129	-5° F	5	70'	5"	Phyllostachys vivax		China	Resembles bambusoides, but has thinner walls.
130	-5° F	5	70'	5"	Phyllostachys vivax 'Aureocaulis'		China	Culms turn yellow with a few narrow green stripes.
Semiarundinaria:				<i>Medium size running bamboos with nearly cylindrical culms and culm sheaths that hang for some time attached at the middle of their base.</i>				
131	-5° F	5	30'	1.5"	Semiarundinaria fastuosa	Narihira Bamboo	Japan	Culms turn to purplish brown. Internodes grooved.
132	-5° F	5	35'	1.5"	Semiarundinaria fastuosa 'Viridis'	Green Narihira	Japan	Similar to the above except that culms remain green.
133	0° F	4	16'	0.75"	Semiarundinaria makinoi		Japan	Culms turn reddish-brown, suitable for pots.
134	0° F	5	25'	1.5"	Semiarundinaria okuboi (Sem. villosa)		Japan	Leaves wider for their length than other bamboos.
135	0° F	5	25'	1.5"	Semiarundinaria yashadake		Japan	Leaves broader than S. fastuosa.
136	0° F	5	25'	1.5"	Semiarundinaria yashadake 'Kimmei'		Japan	Culms are yellow with green grooves, leaves striped yellow.
Sinobambusa:				<i>Running bamboos similar to Semiarundinaria except that the culm sheaths promptly fall off.</i>				
137	10° F	4	30'	1.5"	Sinobambusa tootsik albostrata			Yellowish white striped leaves.

DWARF RUNNING BAMBOOS - For containers or ground-covers; invasive. Best in partial or full shade.

	Min. temp.	Sun	Ht.	Diam.				
Indocalamus:				<i>Small, running bamboos from China with large, broad leaves; similar to Sasa but with non-prominent culm nodes.</i>				
138	0° F	2	10'	0.3"	Indocalamus latifolius		China	Leaves about 12" long.
139	0° F	3	5'	0.2"	Indocalamus longiauritus		China	Culms hairy below nodes. Prominent auricles.
140	5° F	1	7'	0.5"	Indocalamus tessellatus		China	Short culms, giant leaves. Good as a house plant.
Pleioblastus:				<i>Genus of small and medium size running bamboos with persistent culm sheaths. Most are native to Japan and were formerly classified as Arundinaria.</i>				
141	10° F	3	1.5'	0.2"	Pleioblastus akebono			Small leaves, often green shading to white.
142	10° F	2	3'	0.2"	Pleioblastus argentiostriatus		Japan	Green leaves, striped with white or yellow, hairless.
143	10° F	3	10'	0.8"	Pleioblastus chino murakamianus		Japan	Leaves highly variegated, mostly white.
144	10° F	3	6'	0.5"	Pleioblastus chino vaginatus variegatus		Japan	Small narrow white striped leaves.
145	10° F	3	2'	0.2"	Pleioblastus distichus		Japan	Tiny fern-like leaves. Good groundcover.
146	10° F	3	<1'	0.2"	Pleioblastus distichus 'Mini'		Japan	A small variety.
147	-10° F	2	4'	0.2"	Pleioblastus fortunei		Japan	Leaves keep their green and white stripes all year.
148	0° F	3	15'	0.5"	Pleioblastus gramineus f. monstrialis		Japan	Some culms distorted with spiraling internodes.
149	0° F	4	15'	1"	Pleioblastus hindsii		Japan	Similar to P. gramineus but with wider, more erect leaves.
150	0° F	3	7'	0.3"	Pleioblastus humilis		Japan	An attractive dwarf with dark green leaves.

Bamboos likely to be found at ABS SoCal sales

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Sun: scale 1 - 5 = full

Pleioblastus:					Genus of small and medium size running bamboos with persistent culm sheaths. Most are native to Japan and were formerly classified as Arundinaria.	
151	0° F	3	6'	0.2"	Pleioblastus kongosanensis aureostriatus	Japan Dark green leaves, occasional golden stripe.
152	10° F	3	2'	0.2"	Pleioblastus pygmaeus	Japan Similar to P. distichus, but leaves hairy below.
153	-5° F	3	9'	0.3"	Pleioblastus shibuyanus 'Tsuboi'	Japan Vigorous. Small white-striped leaves.
154	0° F	4	20'	1.5"	Pleioblastus simonii variegatus	Japan One of the largest Pleioblastus. Striped leaves.
155	0° F	2	3'	0.2"	Pleioblastus viridistriatus	Japan New leaves in spring, golden yellow, green stripes.
156	0° F	2	3'	0.2"	Pleioblastus viridistriatus chrysophyllus	Japan Leaves yellow with faint green stripes.
Pseudosasa:					Small to medium size running bamboos which usually have only one branch at a node.	
157	0° F	3	18'	0.8"	Pseudosasa japonica	Japan Erect, large leaves, used for arrows in old Japan.
158	0° F	3	18'	0.8"	Pseudosasa japonica pleioblastoides	Japan Very similar, but has 3 branches at each node.
159	0° F	3	18'	0.8"	Pseudosasa japonica tsutsumiana	Japan Internodes swell like a green onion.
160		2			Pseudosasa japonica 'Kagamazasa'	Japan A variety of Ps. japonica of unknown origin.
Sasa:					Running species dwarf or up to six feet tall with at most one branch per node. The leaves are usually large.	
161		2	2'?		Sasa sp. 'Nagimontana'	Japan Large dark green leaves. Looks good all year.
162	0° F	2	6'	0.5"	Sasa kurilensis simofuri	Japan Leaves have many fine white stripes.
163	-5° F	2	7'	0.5"	Sasa palmata	Japan Large thick leathery leaves, up to 15" long.
164	0° F	2	5'	0.2"	Sasa veitchii	Japan Dark green leaves turn white along the margins.
Shibataea:					A genus supposedly similar to Phyllostachys but much smaller with angular, zig-zagged culms and 3 to 5 branches at each node.	
165	-5° F	3	7'	0.2"	Shibataea kumasaca	China Short broad leaves. Prefers acid soil, gets leaf burn.
Sasaella:					Similar to Sasa except that culms are more erect, leaves are smaller and the oral setae have bristles only near the base.	
166	0° F	3	6'	0.2"	Sasaella hidaensis muraii	Japan Hairy sheaths on culm and foliage leaves.
167	0° F	3	6'	0.2"	Sasaella masamuneana (Sasaella rhyncantha)	Japan Thick green leaves.
168	0° F	3	6'	0.2"	Sasaella masamuneana albostrata	Japan Thick leaves striped with white or cream.
169	-5° F	4	6'	0.2"	Sasaella ramosa	Japan Usually <3' tall. Rampant runner, erosion control.